DETAILS OF THE OPERATION.

Scientific Description of the Treatment of the President's Wounds Given in the New York Medical Journal by an Evewitness of the Work of the Surgeons.

New York, Sept. 12.-In the New York Medical Journal's issue of this week will be printed the following account of the operation upon President McKinley, following the shooting at Buffalo last Friday, This report is furnished by a Buffalo physician who was present at the operation, Beginning with the arrival of the President at

the hospital, the account says: "The hospital internes removed the President's clothing, ascertained the location of the wounds, and made ready for the surgeons, who had been summoned by telephone. Doctor Edward C. Mann administered one-fourth of a grain of morphine hypodermically, which served a good 'purpose in alleviating nerve strain.

Doctor N. W. Wilson, sanitary officer of the exposition was at a remote part of the grounds, making an inspection, when he was notified by one of the guards of the injury to the President. Doctor Wilson proceeded to the hospital, and, by virtue of his office, assumed control, pending the arrival of the surgeons.

"This was at 4:35 p. m. The first to arrive was Doctor Herman Mynter, who brought with him Doctor Eugene Wasdin of the Marine Hospital Service, Doctor Mynter saw the serious nature of the wound, informed the President that the operation was necessary, and set about the usual preparations for an abdominal operation. DOCTOR WASDIN TOOK CHARGE

"Doctor Wilson, the internes and the nurses were all actively at work furthering the preparations when Doctor Matthew D. Mann, professor of obstetries and gynecology in the medical department, University of Buffalo, arrived at the hospital, which was a few minutes after 4 o'clock. In five minutes more Doctor John Parmenter, professor of anatomy and clinical surgery in the institution above mentioned, came into the hospital.

OF THE ANAESTHETIC.

"In ten minutes more Doctor Mann had made himself ready, and, by common consent of the surgeons, together with the approval of the President and his advisers, proceeded with the operation.

"At Doctor Mann's request Doctor Wasdin assumed charge of the anaesthetic and began the administration of ether at twenty minutes after 5, one hour and fifteen min-utes after the wound was inflicted. Doctor Wilson was asked to keep the record, Doctor Mynter to stand opposite the operator as first assistant and Doctor Parmenter to stand next to Doctor Mann as consultant and assistant.

"Doctor E. W. Lee of St. Louis, a visitor at the exposition, who came to the hospital before the other surgeons arrived, was asked by Doctor Mann to stand next to 7 the anaesthetic was discontinued and the Doctor Mynter as an additional assistant. Doctor P. M. Rixey, who was summoned from the Milburn home, whither he

Roswell Park had gone to Niagara Falls, and a special train to bring him to Buffalo was ordered by Harry Parry, general agent of the New York Central Railway.

PIECE OF CLOTH FOUND IN TRACK OF MISSILE.

"It should be mentioned that the first or appermost shot went through the President's clothing and made an abrasion about the center of the sternum. The buildt was ound inside the waistcoat, and did no essential harm. The clothing was burned by the explosion of the powder at this point,

"The President took the ether kindly and was well under its influence within the next ten minutes. The abdomen having been aseptically prepared, an incision three inches long was made perpendicular to the body, and including the opening made by the ball-a 32 caliber-that was located four inches below the left nipple and un inch and a half to the left of the median line. "The incision went through a deep layer of fat before the peritonaeum was reached,

hence the incision was enlarged another nch. A piece of cloth, probably a bit of indershirt, was found in the track of the missile, which looked as if It had been 'punched out' by the bullet.

"Upon opening the peritonneum a bullet hole was discovered in the anterior central portion of the stomach. This viscus was drawn up into the operating wound, and the perforation, after examination, was closed with a double row of silk sutures.

"A little oczing of the stomach contents had occurred through the opening, all of which was wiped away. A further enlargement of the incision now became necessary in order to examine the dorsam of the stom ach, upon which another opening was found. This was sutured in a manner like unto the first, and the sluggish hands of the clock marked twelve minutes past 6

SEARCH FOR THE BULLET ABANDONED; WOUND SEWED UP. "The intestines were examined for possible wounds, but happily none was found, and these were wrapped in moist, hot towels "A previous hypodermic injection had been made and now twenty-five minims of bran dy were similarly administered.

"A further search for the missle failed to discover it, but it became apparent that it had done no other vital damage, with the strong probability that it lost itself in the interesting because of the more classical thick lumbar muscles,

"Doctor Roswell Park arrived about this time-twenty-five minutes past 6-and joined the staff as consultant. The abdomina cavity was flushed with normal salt solution and the closure began. Seven deep silk-worm gut sutures were employed and catgut was placed superficially between them. At about ten minutes to abdominal bandage was applied.

"Thus the operation, on which so much of moment depended, was finished. The went in company with Mrs. McKinley, ar- President's pulse was now 122, respiration rived just as the operation began. Doctor | 52."

MRS. FITCH TO SING AT THE EXPOSITION TO-NIGHT.



MRS. BERTHA WINSLOW FITCH. Who will sing at the Exposition this evening.

This is to be "Society Night" at the Ex- , share of attention. The features in the position, and special arrangements have been made. The music programme will be selections and the appearance of Mrs. Bertha Winslow Fitch, the St. Louis ora torio singer. The musical selections range from Sousa to Gounod and Lizst. The afternoon programme will be devoted to the lighter music, the more classical selections being reserved for the evening.

Mrs. Fitch will sing "Inflammatus," from "Stabat Mater," and a selection from "The Redemption." Much interest attaches to her rendition of this selection, it being on of the finest of sacred compositions. The art catalogue has been completed,

Collseum attract many visitors. The living pictures are being brought to a state of per fection and the performing lions and other exhibits arouse interest. It is the determination of the Exposition management to hange the Coliseum features each week Next week Vellecita's lions, panthers and tigers will give place to Woodford's dog freus and elephant show, a troupe of trained animals that will be one of the things that children as well as older people Yesterday was St. Louis Day and special

musical selections were given. Herman Barisch was the soloist and the chorus work was furnished by delegations from the now that the last of the loan collection has been hung, and the book lists 650 subjects.

The art department is coming in for a large

BRYAN FORECASTS ISSUES OF 1904.

Deems It Probable That Imperialism Will Be Prominent and Perhaps Paramount.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 12.-Mr. Bryan, in a letter to President Harris of the St. Louis raveling Men's Bryan Ciub, outlines, at his request, the issues of 1904. He says in

'It seems probable that imperialism will again be prominent, and probably paramount, for the Republican party shows no disposition to abandon its colonial policy. and, we cannot accept colonialism without repudiating all that we have been taught to regard as Democratic in Government.

Must Oppose the Trusts. "The trusts are increasing in number and magnitude, and we must resolutely oppose them or forfelt the confidence of the com-

mon people.

"Whether the silver question will play an important part in the next campaign is a question which cannot now be determined. The thing to be desired is a stable dollar, and that can only be secured by legislation th will furnish a volume of standard money sufficient to keep pace with the de-mand for money. We have no assurance that gold alone will do this, and certainly the interests of the people ought not to be intrusted to those who defended the gold standard when the dollar was increasing in purchasing power, and who would favor the gold standard still, even though the production of gold was decreasing. The gold standard is not yet complete; it remains yet to make silver redeemable in gold, and limit its legal-tender qualities. The Republican party has these further steps in contemplation. We cannot abandon the Democratic position until we are ready to accept the position until we are ready to accept the Republican position, and we cannot accept the Republican position until we are surthat the world's supply of gold is sufficient

to furnish all the nations with enough primary money.

Indorses Kansas City Platform. "The Kansas City platform is sound throughout, because it applied Democratic principles to the conditions then existing, Those principles are still Democratic and we must apply them to present and future conditions. The line between the Republic-an party and the Democratic party is the line between plutocracy and Democracy, and we cannot afford to obliterate that line

or to make it less distinct. "As a matter of principle we must not compromise with those whose sympathies are against the rights and welfare of the masses; as a matter of policy we cannot afford to compromise, because organized wealth has more confidence in the Republic-an party than it could possibly have in the

ocratic party. "If we abandon the Kansas City platform shall lose the support of the plain peo-without gaining the support of those who are opposed to that platform. deserve to win and still lose, but it ns true that to deserve success is the

surest road to victory.
"These who boast of their willingness to "These who boast of their willingness to do 'anything to win' are unwate pinots, because they throw away the compass when they discard Democratic principles. The party now stands for positive principles and definite policies. If the party is right, as I believe it is, we can condently expect vindication, and we can better afford to wait for that vindication than prove recreant to the trust reposed in the party by more than six million voters,"

Persecution of Tolstol. St. Petersburg, Sept. 12.-The pupils of a young ladies' school near Count Tolstol's residence at Yasnaia, who, with their teacher and other young persons of the neignborhood, called on him and presented the Count with flowers, have been arrested and their teacher has been dismissed.



COLOMBIA PREPARES TO MEET INVADERS.

Troops Being Drilled and Equipped to Resist Castro and the Insurgents.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Sept. 12.-Further evidence that a state of war exists between Venezuela and Colombia and that regular troops on both sides are engaged in the fighting is offered by a report received at the State Department to-day from Consul Plumacher at Maracaibo, Venezuela, under date of Au-

gust 31. Consul Plumacher says that no disquieting news has been received from the State of Fachlera, but that the situation on the frontier is very grave, and it is known that large bodies of Colombian troops are mass-ing. Recruiting is going on daily. Every horse and mule in the city and country has been taken for Government service to mount soldiers. The street-car lines have hardly animals enough left to run a car nce in two hours, every animal able to

carry a man having been taken by the mil-tary authorities.

Confirmation of the special cablegram regarding conditions at Rio Hacha was re-ceived at the Colombian Legation to-day in a letter from the Governor of the Province of Bollvar. This letter was written on August 28, and describes the conditions then existing. Taken in connection with the cablegram, it convinces Minister Silva and the officials of the State Department that President Castro of Venezuela is undoubt-edly supporting the movement against Rio

SALESMEN BANQUETED.

Wortheimer-Swarts Shoe Company Entertains at Southern Hotel.

The Wertheirmer-Swars Shoe Company last night banqueted their salesmen at the Southern Hotel.

President J. J. Werthelmer was teastmas ter. Around the board were Vice President G. W. Milius, Secretary C. L. Swarts, Su-perintendent J. J. Brown, Assistant Superstendent H. J. Tettemer and the followin salesmen: A. M. Somerfield, J. B. McClus-key, G. H. Zumvorde, T. D. Mitchell, Rob-ert E. Smith, Roy D. Bowen, G. M. Branch, C. D. Pullman, Ed Samuels, Otto Deppe M. Sahm, J. R. Rice, Sig. Binswanger, T. Hathaway, K. Rosenthal, H. Gold-

water, J. T. Lindsley, W. S. Murphy, M. Grumbach, L. B. Weaver, W. C. Percy, J. H. Eaves, D. C. Moss, L. Brody, C. B. Hill, J. G. Kain, H. Apple, M. Strauss, Sid Hill, J. G. Kain, H. Apple, M. Strauss, Sid Horner, Joe Flowers, C. H. Madden, Mor-ris Jones, David Swarts, J. N. Mitchell, M. Rosenblatt, B. L. Kingsland, H. Landsber-ger, David Pelletier, A. Hart, W. H. Duff, M. J. Cohen, A. G. Millus, D. F. Morgan, Emil Werner, T. B. Trotman, W. S. Pro-filet, J. Blumenthal, George L. Markey, J. J. Fleischman and W. R. McCluskey, Addresses were made by the officers and the following salesmen: Robert E. Smith, G. M. Branch, J. T. Lindsley, M. J. Cohen and D. F. Morgan.

29.00 Cincinnati and return. Big Four, September 15, 16, 23 and 24,

Object to Increased Rates.

Joplin, Mo., Sept. 12.-Mining men are expressing resentment at the recent in-surance survey which was made of the mining plants of Jasper and Newton mining pionis of Jasper and Newton counties. The various commercial organi-zations are appointing committees to act in concert in an effort to prevent increases which were made in rates from going into

which were made in rates from going into effect.

It is claimed that an average of \$4,000 is carried on the 500 plants of these counties, and that at the present rates the insurance companies receive \$50,000 a year, and the losses do not exceed \$30,000 a year. Negroes Seeking Redress.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Joplin, Mo., Sept. 12.-Several negroe tho were driven from Peirce City as a result of the race war there, have secured suit of the race war there, have secured the services of a local legal firm in an effort to make either Lawrence County or the officials of that county pay damages for not dispersing the mob which burned their homes.

Five negroes whose buildings were burned have already applied for legal redress, and it is thought several more who are now in Joplin will join in this proceeding.

"BIG THURSDAY" AT THE STATE FAIR.

Twenty-Five Thousand Persons Pass Through the Turnstiles at Sedalia.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Sedalla, Mo., Sept. 12.-This was Big State Pair and the attendance was in excess of yesterday World's Fair Day, when excursion trains were run over the railroads centering here population of Pettis County turned out to swell the gate receipts, and over 25,000 passed through the turnstiles during the

Lee Clement, editor of the Kentucky Lee Clement, editor of the Kentucky Stock Farm, one of the best-informed horse-men in the West and an authority on "foreign gallery," as the collection of outracing and race tracks, has written the fol- side pictures is known.

the best in the country. The cattle barn and barn for exhibition horses are both and barn for exhibition horses are both occupation, wireworker; date of arrest large and complete. Seven barns for speed September 6, 1901; Officers Geary, Solomo horses are in use. The association has a and Foster; remarks, cut and scar on left regulation mile track, and, after racing cheek.

not be second to Readville, Lexington or any of the early meetings. A Puturity stake should be opened also at once for foals of 1962, to be trotted and paced in 1963 and 1904. Money should be appropriated to secure the stakes offered by the Horse Review, the Kentucky Stock Farm and other associations organized for the betterment of the light harness horse breeding inter-

est, who have no track of their own, "Money should be appropriated to secure the star performers of the country. Noth-ing will so enthuse the people as to see the greatest performers in their greatest performances. We want young men developing Missouri colts, who have beer schooled themselves, first to know and appreciate what education is, and the strength it gives to them in educating the highest class of our animal friends and co-workers. "We can yet improve the horse in his speed and in his susceptibility to take or education. Still greater improvement may get be made in educating the men who han die the horse from his dam to the greatest flights of speed possible for him to attain. "I believe it is possible for Missouri, Kansas, lowa and Kentucky each to breed their sas, lowa and Kentucky each to breed their 250 trotters. Up in Maine, where they think this is impossible, they probably will not succeed. In the show ring for saddlers, Missouri is mistress of the situation. "The State Pair should first select the sweepstakes winner for the Louisiana Cen-

tennial meeting at St. Louis in 1903. Good Premiums Are Necessary. "Let premiums be offered that will bring out the best. That will pay breeders and hardlers to ship from the lowa or Arkan sus lines. Then give an equal amount to the standard-bred trotter and pacer, so that when they read in the Kentucky Stock Farm and papers of like objects, of the results of present and future stud seasons, the visitor from South Missouri, when he oes to Sedalia shall see Norcatur from the north part of the State, or, in his absence, his descendants. The visitor from Memphis, Unionville and Maitland will see such sires as Auteros, Kankakee and Nutgregor from the south part. The breeders from all over the State will see Walnut Boy. Woodsprite, Robert Ryan and Lord Wilton, that are at

home kyan and look which, that are at home here.

"Missouri to-day has but one 2:10 trotting stallion-Surpol, 2:10-with an inheritance that insures reproducing himself. The white horse may yet sire the first 2:00 trotter for Missouri. Liberal premiums will bring these sires, raced and retired to

the stud, to the the mecca for Missourians, our own State Fair at Sedalia. "The colts and star performers taken care of, five early closing stakes for from \$1,000 to \$5,000 should be opened, then five \$500 purses to close 10 days before the meeting

should be given, and three first-class harness races brought off each day, weath-er permitting. Then a circuit of State fairs formed, so that Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois and Indiana may come in and compete with us on our own ground.

"In this way we can awaken the pride and stimulate the native Missourian to at indreamed of extent, in not only emulating, but surpassing the best."

IN THE ROGUES' GALLERY.

Chief Desmond Has Placed Leon Czolgosz's Official Photograph.

Chief of Detectives Desmond yesterday r ceived from Buffalo, N. Y., the Bertillon photograph and description of Leon F Czolgosz, allas Fred Nieman, the anarchis

lowing review of the first week of the Missouri State Fair:

"The sale and exhibition shed is one of the best in the country. The cattle barn complexion, medium; born Detroit, Mich.;

horses are in use. The association has a regulation mile track, and, after racing over it two days, the general opinion, so far as I have heard it expressed, is that it is one of the fastest and best tracks of its kind in the country.

"The association enters upon its career under the most adverse circumstances possible. They must hold their first meeting on unfinished grounds and tents must necessarily take the place of buildings that are to be.

"By the terms of the bill creating the Missouri State Fair, a meeting must be held in 1991. It was thought best and more likely to secure good entries, to come in after the Missouri short haul circuit, which was done.

Should Have Good Speed Ring.

"The speed ring of the State Fair should not be second to Readville, Lexington or

ted.
"Czolgosz has a sad countenance.
"Czolgosz has a sad countenance. should say he was moody and self-ab-sorbed, even bordering on the fanatic. would take him to be a very vain man who would want to attract notoriety. should say he shot McKinley more to attract attention than through the commission of some plot."

STEEL STRIKE SITUATION.

New York Officials Will No Longer Talk Settlement.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 12.-The air wa again full of remors to-day that the strike had been settled. The absence of President Shaffer from Amalgamated headquarters

Shaffer from Amalgamated headquarters all day, up to 4 p. m. lent color to the report. When President Shaffer finally appeared at headquarters he dispelled all hopes by saying there was no change in the situation. Immediately after arriving at the office Mr. Shaffer called the national officers to his room for a conference, which lasted forty minutes.

It was said at Amalgamated headquarters to-day that the steel combine has refused to entertain any further propositions of sattlement from the Amalgamated Association. This would seem to strengthen the report from New York that the situation is in just the shape that it was before the first conference at Cleveland, in the hands of the constituent companies for settlement; that Mr. Schwab and Mr. Morgan have turned the matter over to the local officials, and that if anything is done it must be done by them and not through the officials in New York. officials in New York.

SPEAKER SHERMAN DENIES.

Says That He Did Not Participate in a Conference.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Macomb, Ill., Sept. 12.—Relative to the dispatch from Springfield yesterday, stating that Speaker Sherman, Attorney Hamlin and O. F. Berry had had a conference with Congressman Reeves and decided to desert the candidacy of Charles G. Dawes and support Reeves for the United States Senate, Speaker Sherman to-day gave out the following written statement:

"I did not see Mr. Reeves or even know he was in Springfield, nor did I talk with any one about him when there Tuesday or any other time. I attended no conference and had no conversation with any person in Springfield or elsewhere on anybody's candidacy for Senator. The Springfield dispatch is utterly without foundation."

tendance. Intense interest was manifested by the delegates in the report of the Committee on Pensions, and it was generally believed that the committee would take some very radical action bearing on that subject. General Sickles offered a resolution at the opening of the proceedings of the convention tendering to the President affectionate congratulations upon his rapid convales-cence, for which all civilized nations pray. Comrade Thistlewood of Illinois offered

ANNUAL REUNION

OF G. A. R. VETERANS

G. A. R. Convention Tenders Mc

Kinley Congratulations Upon Prospective Recovery.

JUDGE RASSIEUR IN THE CHAIR.

Administration of Pension Bureau

Condemned and Enforcement

of Laws Demanded-Death

Thinning the Ranks.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 12-The National

public opened this morning at the Euclid

Avenue Opera-house, with a large at

Convention of the Grand Army of the Re

as an amendment a series of resolution calling for a law punishing attacks upon the Chief Executive as treason. The amend ment was not seconded and General Sickles's resolution was adopted by a rising vote. The message was ordered telegraphed to the President. The Committee on Credentials reported that the roll prepared by the Adjutant General was correct and should be adopted. The roll showed a total voting strength of 1,340, including delegates, department

ommanders and past department com Praise and Thanksgiving Meeting. The thanksgiving mass meeting in prais and thanksgiving for the prospective recov

The thanksgiving mass meeting in praise and thanksgiving for the prospective recovery of President McKinley was attended by an immense outpouring of the people, including veterans and visitors.

Senator Hanna presided as chairman. When he took his seat on the platform, he was greeted with continued applause.

The many eminent speakers of the day, including Governor Nash, Judge William R. Day, Senator Fairbanks and others, spoke in most feeling terms upon the all-absorbing topic of the day.

Judge Day referred to the attempted assassination of the President, referred to McKinely in glowing terms and said:

"Laws must be oracted which shall visit upon such criminals just and sure punishment; not only the pupil but the teacher of such theories must be reached and punished. The advocates of its awful tenets must be kept from our shores; its principles must be torn, root and branch, from every foot of our domain until its adherents learn that to attack the Government through its highest official is one of the most heinous of crimes, sure to meet with swift and terrible retribution. Let there be no nook or corner of the civilized world in which it can hide and call itself safe."

Commander Rassleur's Address. Commander Rassleur's Address.

In regular convention the Commander-inChief, Leo Rassleur, devoted a large part
of his annual address to the matter of pensions. "Without any effort," he said, "on
the part of the organization or its officers,
to give the pension problem any undue
preminence, that subject has overshadowed
all others and has called for more attention
and thought in the past year than all other
questions which concern us."
He criticised the administration of the
Pension Bureau and demanded "the honest
and fair administration of laws which are
already on the statute books." Continuing,
he said:
"If an officer's lawlessness, recklessness

he said:
"If an officer's lawlessness, recklessness and boldness go to such extreme length as to lead him to override and ignore a piain and unmistakable order, indicating the line of his duty, under the law, coming from his superior officer, the Secretary of the Interior, what can the poor and helpless old soldier expect at his hands when he is claiming to exercise his discretion under that law? The exercising of his discretion cannot possibly result in anything else in most of the cases than a positive denial of the benefits prescribed by the law." cannot possibly result in anything else in most of the cases than a positive denial of the benefits prescribed by the law."

After adverting to the importance of judicial assistance in the administration of the Pension Bureau and answering objections to the G. A. R. bill having this object in view, the Commander-in-Chief added: "We cannot conceive that the measure of duty to those who saved this country will be belittled while this country has hundreds of millions of dollars to engage in a humanitarian war in the interests of the downtroden of other countries."

He referred regretfully to the failure of the veterans' preference bill to receive full consideration by Congress, and urged further efforts to secure its passage.

Another ground for disappointment, he said, was the failure to pass one of the three bills for a soldlers' home in South Dakota, Idaho and Oklahoma.

Where Patriotism Can Be Planted.

three bills for a soidlers' home in South Dakota, Idaho and Oklahoma.

Where Patriotism Cas He Planted.

As to military and patriotic instruction in the public schools, he deplored the exclusion of noncommissioned officers from the bill which passed Congress. "The schools of the country," he said, "are the fruitful field where patriotism can be so planted and cultivated that nothing can destroy or eradicate it. Hence, every effort in this direction should be continued with renewed efforts and patriotic exercises made obligatory in the public schools by law, wherever such is not yet the case, and it is at all practicable."

The report of the Adjutant General. F. M. Sterrett, showed that the total membership June 30, 1901, was 285,507 in 6,673 posts. The gains during the last year were 30,619, and the losses 37,172; by death 8,165, and by suspension 16,582. The number dropped from the rolls, having been previously suspended, was 7,722. The number on the folls June 30, 1901, including 25,559 suspended, was 25,567.

The States in which there are over 2000.

June 20, 1901, including 25,550 suspended, was 25,567.

The States in which there are over 2,000 members are as follows: California and Nevada, 4,792; Colorado and Wyoming, 2,117; Connectitcut, 4,597; Illinois, 22,112; Indiana, 15,850; Jowa, 12,878; Kansas, 12,551; Kentucky, 2,535; Maine, 6,441; Maryland, 2,528; Massachusetts, 13,657; Michigan, 14,754; Minnesota, 6,115; Missouri, 10,985; Nebraska, 5,631; New Hampahire, 3,381; New Jersey, 5,373; New York, 20,143; Ohlo, 25,111; Pennsylvania, 25,665; Vermont, 3,568; Washington and Alaska, 2,501; Wisconsin, 9,520.

The amount expended for relief during the year was \$119,225.

Commander-in-Chief Rassieur made a supplemental report to his address, in which he made a sharp attack upon the officers of the Pension Bureau at Washington. He stated that since he had prepared his annual address he had seen the Pension Commission, and that it has made no recommended that a committee be instructed to prepare charges against the Pension Commission, and that these charges be presented to the President, asking for an investigation of the same.

Senator Hawley of Connecticut was then presented, and spoke at some length upon the pension question. He recommended

presented, and spoke at some length upon the pension question. He recommended that no formal protest be made against the

MEXICAN WAR VETERANS. Will Ask Congress for an Increase

in Pensions.

Independence, Mo., Sept. 12.—The twenty-first annual reunion of the veterans of the Mexican War convened in this city to-day.

Mexican War convened in this city to-day. Fifty-seven veterans were in the marching column, headed by fife and drum corps, accompanied by Company F of the Third Regiment, N. G. M.

All of the veterans of 1846 marched with cares. Some of them had reached the old age of 38 years, and none of them were under 69 years of age. Mayor Woodson, in behalf of the city, extended the hospitality of the place to the veterans, and his speech was responded to by the president of the association, Colonel T. P. Hoye, of Sedalla. An address written by Mrs. J. Buchanan, which was delvered upon the return of troops under Colonel Doniphan, was read by Miss Elizabeth Henley of this city. To-night Mayor Reed of Kanasa City delivered the annual address.

One of the aims of the present reunion will be to draft a memorial to Congress asking for an increase in pensions to the veterans of the Mexican War. Colonel Hoye, its president, stated yeaterday that the pension of the Mexican veteran, in view of the vast territory acquired by the United States, was not sufficient. Only about 7,000 of the 165,000 men who marched to the City of Mexico remained, and these for the scatter part were in need. The

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SPECIALS for FRIDAY and SATURDAY:

California Tomatoes, No. 2½ 250 cans—3 cans for..... New Pack Marrowfat Peas, Per case, 24 cans\$1.75 Hindoo Lanndry Soap, Mohawk Sugar Corn, per dozen cans..... New Pack Whole Strawberry French Red Kidney Beans, ready to serve-9c can. American Sardines, 14 cans Libby's Cooked Corned Beef, ICC per cau.....

Dunkley's Celery Salt, Hand-picked White Navy Beans, 10 pounds for......450 Armour's Beef Extract, Sauerkraut. large No. 3 can..... Whole Mixed Pickling, spiced, per pound...... Fruit Jar Rubbers. per dozen..... Mason Jar Tops, per dozen..... Jelly Glasses, complete. per dozen.....

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

Mexican veterans, said Colonel Hoye, would be satisfied with half as much as some of the pensions received by the Union soldiers. These things have been urged on the attention of Congress before, but amounted to very little. But few of them are left, and these are so advanced in ago that their condition, in many cases, was pitiable. Tomorrow the association will pass resolutions asking for an increased pension, nominate officers for the ensuing year and fix upon a place of meeting. There is also a ride over the city promised the veterans.

GAGE BUYS \$7,508,000 IN BONDS Relieves Money Market and Says It

Was a Good Investment. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Sept. 12.-If the offers of bonds to Secretary Gage can be taken as an indication there is no reason to fear a serious money crisis in New York. When the New York bankers, alarmed by the continued absorption of money by the Treasury, appealed to Secretary Gage, he at once ordered the Government deposits in the banks increased by about \$5,000,000 and offered to buy bonds to the amount of \$20,-

000,000, announcing that he would receive

offers until the close of business to-day Instead of having offers to the full amount of bonds he was willing to buy, the Secretary received offers aggregating but \$7.685.700. Of these he accepted lots aggregating \$1.098,800 and rejected but \$185,900.
"I feel pretry well satisfied with the trade as far as the Government is concerned," said Secretary Gage, when the result was announced to-day. The average mean price on the market of the 2 per cent bonds from September 1 to September 10 was 108%. The 2 per cent bonds at that price yielded the investor 1.65 per cent per annum interest on his money. The bonds accepted by the Treasury to-day yielded to the Government within the merest fraction a rate of interest equal to that relinquished by the investor on the new 2 per cent bonds bought in the open market."

The amounts and prices of the bonds accepted were as follows: Fifty thousand dollars 4s of 1907, at \$112.55; \$3,000 4s of 1907, at \$112.75; \$3,000 4s of 1907 at \$113.75; \$12,000 4s of 1907 at \$113.59; \$1,800 4s of 1907, at \$108.75; \$2,000 4s of 1908 at \$108.75; \$2,000 4s of 1908 at \$108.75; \$3,000 4s of 1907 at \$113.75; \$3,000 4s of 1907 at \$130.75; \$3,000 4s of 1 tary received offers aggregating but \$7.685,

SHAM BATTLE AT CREVE COEUR.

Companies D and G of the First Regiment Will Participate. Arrangements have been made by Com-

panies D and G of the First Missouri Infantry, commanded respectively by Cap-tains E. Murphy, Jr., and Jules Gerhart, to give a sham battle and exhibition drill at Creve Coeur next Sunday.

The Drummond Guards of the First Missouri will give an exhibition drill at the Expecition next Friday, September 29. They will be commanded by Captain E. Murphy, Jr. Drills will be held in the Coliscum next reach

The entire First Regiment, under the command of Colonel Sinclair, will give exhibition drills at the Exposition commencing September 30 and extending to October

\$7.50 INDIANAPOLIS AND RETURN September 13, 14, 15 and 16,

BIC FOUR. Tickets, Broadway and Chestnut Ste



Members of the First Regimental Bay are endeavoring to make arrangements for the Forty-eighth Canadian Scottish Band to come to this city and hold a joint concert with the regimental band.

The usual weekly meeting of First Mis-souri officers was held last night at the Armory. Captain Frank Rumbold of Light Battery A was a visitor in the course of the evening.

JOHN M. GLOVER ARRESTED. 1

Accused of Criminal Libel by Two

Cripple Creek Citizens. REPUBLIC SPECIAL Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 12.-Former Congressman John M. Glover of Missourt was arrested yesterday on complaint of George McCarthy, Justice of the Peace and Postmaster at Clyde, on a charge of criminal libel.

Glover was attorney for S. T. Miller at the time of the latter's arrest, and was himself arrested by Deputy Sheriff Meaners for carrying concealed weapons.

Early this week Glover printed an open letter, addressed to Sheriff Stewart, in, which he attacked in rough language the Sheriff and all his deputies. He was part ticularly bitter toward McCarthy.

Westerners in New York,

Westerners in New York.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

New York, Sept. 12.—Among the arrivals at the hotels here to-day were the following Westerners:

St. Louis—G. D. Markham, J. A. Corbett, J. S. Butterfield, C. H. Huttig and Mrs. Huttig, J. E. Smith and Mrs. Smith, J. L. Hanley, Mrs. Errist, H. J. Hiller and Mrs. Miller, M. A. Douglas, Waldorf, Miss M. T. Hurley, A. H. Goellner and Mrs. Goellner, A. H. Goellner, Jr., J. F. Jacobs, Mrs. F. W. W. Wright, G. D. Haxley, B. J. Eberts, M. A. Cartoon, E. J. Williams, E. Cook, Mrs. G. D. Cook, Mrs. G. D. Cook, Mrs. G. D. Cook, Mrs. G. D. Kalvejl, J. Eberts, M. A. Cartoon, E. J. Williams, E. Cook, Mrs. G. D. Kalvejl, and Mrs. Kalopell, Glrard, H. Overstoiz, L. Schmatz, N. N. Kaufman, Unions, Square, C. L. Bishop, New Amsterdam; J. Paddeck and Mrs. Paddock, Plaza; W. S. Pope, Jr., Imperial; Miss J. Cakes, Cadillae; E. B. Mc-Cuen, E. McCornick, Roasmore; C. C. Wanbey, and Mrs. Wanbey, Astor; A. S. Haub, Hoffman, Kansas City—W. F. Hoth, J. H. Penrod, Imperial; E. S. Hall, Mrs. Keunedy, Metropolitan, A. J. Straudberg, F. Campbell, Grand; H. W. Evans and Mrs. Evans, Hollande, Mrs. J. T. Pryor, Hoffman, Mrs. Condit, St. Denis; C. E. Parrish, Union Square, St. Joseph—P. C. Hartlett, H. Bartlett and Mrs. Bartlett, Miss Nye, Gilsey; Miss B. Schiveering, Mrs. J. Hellerman, Union Square, Stringfield, Ph.—H. C. Kemans, Grand Union

This tells the Story · · · Always Makes Restores the Hair Color to Grow. Gray Stops Hair Falling MIR. Hair Vigor "Ayer's Hair "Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped my Vigorchecked my hair from coming falling hair, cured out and made it the dandruff, and grow very rapidly. made my hair It is now 64 inches grow until now it long."-Mrs. G.A. is 51 inches long." McVey, Alexan--CLARA SIEBERT. dria, Ohio. Seymour, Wis, · · · J. C. Aver Co. MASS.